Position on Conflict Minerals

Alstom is committed to the highest standards of business conduct and ethics, as set out in Alstom’s Code of Ethics and Sustainable Development Charter, as available on the Alstom website (www.alstom.com).

As member of the United Nations Global Compact initiative, Alstom embraces, supports and enacts a set of core values in the areas of human rights, employment standards, environment and ethics.

Alstom has implemented an extensive Sustainability & CSR policy and therefore requests its Suppliers and Sub-contractors to commit, in a continuous improvement approach, towards the social, environmental, health and safety requirements as detailed in its Ethics and Sustainable Development Charter for Alstom’s Suppliers and Sub-contractors.

By signing this mandatory Charter, “Alstom’s suppliers and sub-contractors that produce/supply goods containing tin, tantalum, tungsten or gold (3TG) commit to supporting Alstom in implementing a responsible supply chain in reference to the OECD Due-Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chain of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas.
Alstom’s Suppliers and sub-contractors commit, as a consequence thereof, to require from their own suppliers and sub-contractors similar commitment in order to establish a chain of custody to the smelters and refiners.”

Alstom, a European-based Company, supports the deployment of European Regulation EU/2017/821 laying down supply chain due diligence obligations for Union importers of tin, tantalum and tungsten, their ores, and gold originating from conflict-affected and high-risk areas.

According to this regulation, which will enter into force on January 2021, Alstom is a “downstream user” of metals parts and electronic components and in this respect commits to converge with its suppliers and Sub-contractors to progressively source metals parts and electronic components from recognized responsible supply-chains.